



# **ADIRONDACK ASSOCIATION OF TOWNS AND VILLAGES**

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## **2022 LEGISLATIVE AGENDA**

PO Box 83 Hadley, NY 12835  
(518) 312-6732



## AATV BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Website: [adirondackassociationtownsvillages.com](http://adirondackassociationtownsvillages.com)

Email: [aatvny@gmail.com](mailto:aatvny@gmail.com)

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**Office:** (518) 251-2869  
**Email:** [supervisortownofminervany.gov](mailto:supervisortownofminervany.gov)

**Pam Wright** - Administrative Assistant  
**P.O. Box 83**  
**Hadley, NY 12835**  
**Office:** (518) 312-6732  
**Email:** [aatvny@gmail.com](mailto:aatvny@gmail.com)

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**Email:** [supervisor@townofwillsborony.gov](mailto:supervisor@townofwillsborony.gov)

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**Office:** (518) 354-7040  
**Email:** [franklinsupervisor@roadrunner.com](mailto:franklinsupervisor@roadrunner.com)

**2<sup>nd</sup> VP:** **Bill Farber**  
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**Email:** [tnmhouse@ntcnet.com](mailto:tnmhouse@ntcnet.com)

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**Email:** [supervisor1@townofkeeneny.gov](mailto:supervisor1@townofkeeneny.gov)

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Supervisor Town of Edinburg  
**Office:** (518) 863-2034  
**Email:** [edinburg@roadrunner.com](mailto:edinburg@roadrunner.com)

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**Office:** (518) 623-9511  
**Email:** [kevin.geraghty@townofwarrensburg.net](mailto:kevin.geraghty@townofwarrensburg.net)

**Gerald Delaney** (2010)  
Councilman Town of Saranac  
**Office:** (518) 293-6666  
**Cell:** (518) 569-7800  
**Email:** [treeslay@gmail.com](mailto:treeslay@gmail.com)

**Region D:** **Brian Wells**  
Supervisor Town of Indian Lake  
**Office:** (518) 648-5885  
**Email:** [ilsuper@hotmail.com](mailto:ilsuper@hotmail.com)

**Craig Leggett** (2022)  
Supervisor Town of Chester  
**Office:** (518) 494-2711  
**Email:** [supervisor@townofchesterny.org](mailto:supervisor@townofchesterny.org)

**Region E:** (VACANT)

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Supervisor Town of Hadley  
**Office:** (518) 696-4797  
**Email:** [supervisor@townofhadleyny.gov](mailto:supervisor@townofhadleyny.gov)

**Sr. Advisor:** Ron Moore  
**Email:** [rmoore1150@gmail.com](mailto:rmoore1150@gmail.com)

**Ronald Robert** (2018)  
Councilman Town of Colton  
**Office:** (315) 262-2702  
**Email:** [nrobert178@gmail.com](mailto:nrobert178@gmail.com)



## STATE OF THE ADIRONDACKS, JANUARY 2022

The Adirondack Region is unique in New York State (and in the nation). It is the only region where roughly 84 percent of all the land is committed to preservation, conservation, recreation and resource management. Nearly half of the land in the region is owned outright by the State of New York and held permanently as Forest Preserve where no building or development are allowed. The lands that remain in private ownership – which diminish in number and acreage as more and more are acquired by the state or private environmental organizations -- are highly regulated to limit development.

As a result, this forested region of 10,000 mountain lakes and 30,000 miles of rivers and streams is one of the most breathtakingly beautiful on Earth. It is the single largest constitutionally protected landmass in the contiguous United States — at once a vast forested area and home to 130,000 full-time residents living in about 100 small communities. And it is that combination of human communities and natural splendor that creates both its enchanting appeal and its complex policy challenges: How to protect this special place and respect and meet the needs of people who live there – and the hundreds of thousands who visit? How to preserve sensitive natural areas and furnish essential goods and services? How to preserve small school districts and ambulance and fire services in small, remote communities as people age and populations decline? How to create sustainable economic opportunity to reverse the decline in population and encourage young people to stay?

The Adirondack region is one of the most economically challenged areas of New York State. Its legacy industries, forestry and mining and trapping, robust engines of the economy for generations, have sharply declined or disappeared. Tourism is the other great Adirondack legacy industry. It is healthy and growing, but remains largely seasonal, which limits the magnitude of private-sector investment in future growth. Its seasonality also means tourism provides limited opportunities for permanent, career-oriented jobs that would support a family. Public-sector employers sustain most Adirondack families. Local colleges, school districts and municipalities, and New York State agencies and facilities remain the most stable sources of permanent jobs with good pay and benefits. But increasing pressure on state and local governments to reduce spending means these opportunities are not likely to grow.

The inevitable result is that Adirondack communities see continued outmigration of young people, families and college-educated citizens. School enrollment is declining. Grocery stores have disappeared because there are too few customers to support them. The vision of entrepreneurs writing code in quaint mountain cabins is largely fiction because broadband service is so limited. It is true that there are authors, artists and freelancers happily making a living in the Adirondacks, but they create few jobs for others. The people who remain in the Adirondacks are predominantly seniors aging in place. The Adirondack region now has one of the oldest populations in the country. It's a population that tends to rely more on volunteer fire departments and ambulances and yet these organizations encounter great difficulty finding young new members not because they are unwilling to serve but because young people often need to work two or three jobs to make ends meet. These volunteers have an onerous amount of training and there is a lack of training facilities and trainers.



It would be a mistake to conclude that the need for jobs, economic opportunity and public and private services is confined to the small and declining population of permanent Adirondackers. Hundreds of thousands of people – including many from other parts of New York State – come to the Adirondacks in every season. They come to have fun, explore the lakes and mountains, ski, swim and hike, but they, too, need emergency services, hospitals, safe highways, gasoline and food. The Adirondack High Peaks are more popular than ever as a hiking destination, so much so that state and local officials are working to manage the crowds, provide adequate, safe parking, and maintain the trails. New York State spends millions of dollars each year urging people to explore the Adirondacks. When they come, as they do in droves, there must be adequate, up-to-date services and facilities.

And so this is our shared challenge: How to balance protection of our unique environmental assets and our vital human communities so that the natural communities are preserved and the human communities prosper.

The Adirondack Park Agency Act enshrined this concept of balance in 1971.

The Statement of Legislative Findings and Purposes of the APA Act (§ 801) recognizes “the complementary needs of all the people of the State for the preservation of the Park’s resources and open space character and of the Park’s permanent, seasonal and transient populations for growth and service areas, employment, and a strong economic base, as well. In support of the essential interdependence of these needs, the plan represents a sensibly balanced apportionment of land to each.”

Nearly 50 years later, preserving the Adirondacks means preserving both the wilderness and the human communities that make the region unique in the world.

### **AATV: REPRESENTING ADIRONDACK COMMUNITIES**

The Adirondack Association of Towns and Villages (AATV) is a membership organization representing the 101 towns and villages within the Adirondack Park. We are a non-partisan alliance of local elected officials who address issues of concern to local communities and local governments, full-time and seasonal residents, businesses, and visitors. AATV was formed by local elected officials to provide a unified, informed and responsible voice to encourage meaningful dialogue and achieve constructive solutions that benefit all stakeholders. Our mission is to educate policymakers and decision-makers about the reality of life in the Adirondacks, to work with other interested groups, and to support solutions that protect the Adirondack environment and open space while ensuring sustainable economic opportunities and the wellbeing of residents and visitors.



## **OUR 2022 PRIORITIES**

Our policy priorities for 2022 fall into the following categories:

1. EXPANDING CELLULAR AND BROADBAND SERVICES TO ALL PARTS OF THE ADIRONDACKS
2. PASSAGE OF FOUR STATE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS THAT ADDRESS CRITICAL COMMUNITY AND INFRASTRUCTURE NEEDS WHILE PRESERVING THE CORE BASIS OF ARTICLE XIV
3. ENSURING THAT EACH ADIRONDACK PARK COMMUNITY HAS THE HOUSING RESOURCES TO MEET ITS UNIQUE NEEDS
4. PRESERVING FOREST PRODUCTS INDUSTRY JOBS AND SEQUESTERING CARBON
5. ADDRESSING OVERUSE OF PARTS OF THE FOREST PRESERVE AND MANAGING THE RECREATIONAL ECONOMY
6. ESTABLISHING A PLAN FOR IMPROVED EMERGENCY SERVICES THROUGHOUT THE ADIRONDACK PARK
7. ENSURING THE NECESSARY FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR SUSTAINABLE PROTECTION AND IMPROVEMENT OF LAND STEWARDSHIP & ESSENTIAL COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE



## **1 - EXPANDING CELLULAR AND BROADBAND SERVICES TO ALL PARTS OF THE ADIRONDACKS**

Significant gaps in cellular and broadband coverage have long endangered the health and safety of — and limited the economic and educational opportunities for — people who live, work and vacation in the Adirondack Region. But never has this been more apparent, or more impactful, than during the COVID-19 pandemic. Lack of adequate coverage made telehealth visits for many of our most vulnerable residents impossible. Students and teachers were frustrated time and again by difficulties communicating remotely. Small business owners now dependent on online transactions for their livelihoods were forced out of business. All this in addition to the longstanding challenges confronting our police, fire and EMT professionals as they strive to serve communities with limited, or non-existent, coverage.

Expansion of broadband and cellular service to all parts of the Adirondacks — both of which must be addressed collectively in order to ensure an uninterrupted flow of communications services — is among AATV's highest priorities. As such, we:

- Urge the New York State Legislature to support Gov. Kathy Hochul's proposal to allocate \$1 billion in state and federal funding (including \$700 million from the 2021 federal infrastructure bill) to support rural broadband accessibility and affordability initiatives;
- Urge the Governor and Legislature to adopt and fund the recommendations of the New York Upstate Cellular Coverage Task Force to encourage private sector investment in cellular infrastructure through regulatory reforms and, where appropriate, economic incentives;
- Urge the Legislature to repeal the fees the New York State Department of Transportation has recently begun charging fiber optic installers for running lines in state highway right-of-ways. Private-sector investment in communications infrastructure is essential to the health and safety, and educational and economic growth, of the Adirondacks. The cost of building this infrastructure is already a serious obstacle in many instances due to our low population density, challenging terrain, and restrictive land-use regulations. To publicly "encourage" private-sector investment while simultaneously discouraging it through a burdensome use tax is simply poor public policy.
- Urge the Federal Communications Commission to limit the fees that municipalities can charge broadband and cellular providers for installing infrastructure along local right-of-ways in a way that allows municipalities to recoup their actual costs incurred in issuing and processing permits, but prevents the assessment of arbitrary and excessive fees that discourage private-sector investment.
- Urge the Adirondack Park Agency commissioners and staff to reconsider the Agency's policy requiring any cellular tower located within the Park to be "substantially invisible," which in actual practice appears to be defined by the Agency as being no greater than 10 feet taller than nearby trees and visible from one direction only. These constraints dramatically limit the reach of a tower's signal and minimize the number of people who benefit from its presence. Adirondack communities need towers that are high enough and unobstructed enough to ensure our phones work when we truly need them. AATV believes a common-sense compromise is possible that will protect the natural beauty of the Park while providing the services Park residents and visitors deserve.
- Urge all New York State agencies to comply with the letter and intent of all Federal Communications Commission regulations and rulings regarding cellular towers and broadband infrastructure.



## **2 - PASSAGE OF FOUR STATE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS THAT ADDRESS CRITICAL COMMUNITY AND INFRASTRUCTURE NEEDS WHILE PRESERVING THE CORE BASIS OF ARTICLE XIV**

The Adirondack Forest Preserve, as created by Article XIV of the New York State Constitution, is one of two great pillars that define and make special the Adirondack Park. The other is our Adirondack communities and the people who live here, work here, and provide the essential services and conveniences enjoyed by hundreds of thousands of visitors each year.

This remarkable combination that makes up our Park — forever-wild, state-owned Forest Preserve lands co-mingled with private lands ranging from undeveloped working forests and agricultural fields to rural neighborhoods and bustling downtowns — represents a unique social experiment molded more than a century ago by visionaries who believed an equitable balance of people and Preserve would create a diverse and thriving regional community.

This understanding on the part of diverse constituencies that both the Preserve and local communities can and must exist to the benefit of the other has been on display multiple times in recent years in the form of cooperative efforts to support mutually beneficial amendments to the New York State Constitution.

For this Legislative Session, AATV seeks to build on that good work through support of four new amendments to Article XIV that again maintain the integrity of the Forest Preserve while addressing a discreet and specific public need, and delivering a strong public benefit:

- An amendment that would allow the state to sell Camp Gabriel, the former prison property in the town of Brighton that has sat vacant and unmaintained since closing in 2009. Upon its closure, the property automatically became part of the Forest Preserve and cannot otherwise be sold;
- An amendment that would allow a public-private land swap on Cathead Mountain in Hamilton County for the purpose of constructing a new emergency communications tower critical for the County's public safety response;
- An amendment that would save Debar Lodge, a historic Great Camp-style building acquired by the State in 1979 and now slated for demolition since the property has been incorporated into the Forest Preserve. The amendment would allow the State to trade the property to a nonprofit group for the purposes of preservation in return for 400 lakefront acres elsewhere in the region.
- An update to an existing amendment that authorized the Olympic Regional Development Authority to build and operate international winter sports facilities on Forest Preserve lands. This update would allow for the expansion of the Mt. Van Hoevenberg winter sports complex to sustain and grow its relevance as an Olympic-caliber facility and regional economic engine for decades to come.
- AATV's position on these amendments is consistent with our long-held position that Article XIV should be subject to amendment by the Legislature and people of New York State allowing the transfer of property from the Forest Preserve if it is determined that such transfer will provide an important community benefit and the Preserve is replenished with the addition of new lands of equal or greater value.



### **3 - ESURING THAT EACH ADIRONDACK PARK COMMUNITY HAS THE HOUSING RESOURCES TO MEET ITS UNIQUE NEEDS**

Adirondack communities need more housing. Each community has unique needs — workforce housing, low-income housing, achievable housing, and seasonal housing — and a diverse range of solutions is required, based on the conditions each community is facing and the resources they have.

AATV is working as a partner to connect various governmental and non-governmental organizations that are tackling these problems. In addition:

- AATV advocates for grants to communities to conduct housing market analyses that produce data on housing needs and the types of housing or resources currently available. This is the first step towards planning scalable solutions. This data should include infrastructure needs, such as sewer and water; engineering studies to qualify for federal and state funding; and analyses of state and local permitting requirements and alignment with local and regional economic development plans;
- AATV recognizes that extensive work is already underway on this issue in Adirondack towns and among many non-profits and community groups. State and county efforts should focus on assisting towns and villages in developing partnerships with private business, non-profits, and the State to facilitate research and studies in communities that have made progress in solving housing shortages; to aggregate useful information about local zoning codes, water and sewer access, and opportunities to maximize density; and to capitalize on these existing efforts;
- AATV acknowledges that Short-Term Rentals have an impact on the availability of housing, but that not all of this impact is negative. In some towns, STRs drive up home values and remove long-term rentals as a housing option, while in other towns, lodging is needed to attract visitors to the area. Towns need help, guidance and financial assistance in developing regulations to manage STRs that fit the conditions unique to their town and region;
- AATV realizes that developing a diverse range of housing options for healthy communities is a complex problem. We support the creation of a state-supported fund to provide Adirondack towns with the technical support necessary to revise their land use codes and work within the Adirondack Park Agency regulations in order to contain permitting and design costs;
- AATV urges development of a state-supported land bank pilot program, giving towns the ability to acquire and utilize low- or no-cost properties as a starting basis to meet community housing needs.



#### **4 - PRESERVING FOREST PRODUCTS INDUSTRY JOBS AND SEQUESTERING CARBON**

AATV recognizes the environmental and social benefits of private forest lands and the forest products industry. Our forests, both public and private, are the largest carbon sink in New York and provide benefits of clean air, clean water, wildlife habitat and restoration, storm resiliency and climate adaptation. Privately owned forests also generate tax revenues for local communities and the State of New York and provide recreational opportunities, including hunting, fishing, hiking and skiing. To preserve the greatest environmental and social benefits to the Adirondacks and New Yorkers as a whole, private forest lands must remain in sustainable private forest management with the goal of maintaining or increasing forest carbon stocks while producing an annual sustained yield of wood, fiber, and energy.

Resource-based jobs are vital to the economy and small communities of the Adirondacks. The Adirondack Park State Land Master Plan (AP-SLMP) embraces this reality, stating that no working forest should be acquired by the state unless it is in imminent danger of development. When the state acquires privately owned forests and makes them part of the Forest Preserve, this productive land is removed from harvesting. Since 1995, New York State has pursued an alternative approach, acquiring more than 800,000 acres through working forest easements, much of it in the Adirondacks. This approach often allows for private forestry activities to continue, helps sustain forest products jobs and local communities, and preserves the substantial benefits private forest management provides.

AATV supports policies and strategic investments in a diversified forest-based economy, including investments in:

- a. Protecting working forests and other important habitats through conservation easements, which are a viable solution to the problems of rising property taxes, suburban and recreational development, high inheritance taxes, and generational transfers of forest properties.
- b. Technical assistance to primary and secondary forest products manufactures to modernize, adopt lean manufacturing and other cost-effective principles, and expand new markets to retain and create jobs.
- c. Marketing and other state-focused efforts through the Wood Products Development Council and other organizations to increase awareness and utilization of forest products.
- d. Promoting and deploying renewable modern wood heating and combined heat and power energy that utilize forest and mill residuals and retain dollars in the region.
- e. Workforce development initiatives that attract and retain loggers, foresters, mill workers and other careers, and enhance overall safety and productivity.
- f. Technical and financial assistance (such as Regenerate NY) to forest owners of all sizes, to ensure forest stewardship practices that support forest products, enhance utilization of previously unmanaged lands, sequester carbon and generate ecosystem benefits.



## **5 - ADDRESSING OVERUSE OF PARTS OF THE FOREST PRESERVE AND MANAGING THE RECREATIONAL ECONOMY**

The natural resources of the Adirondack Park are, first and foremost, ecological treasures but also vital economic and cultural assets that draw hundreds of thousands of visitors to towns and villages to support local jobs and generate tax revenue to pay for essential services used by residents and visitors alike.

New York State, local counties and regions, and private-sector businesses have been increasingly successful in attracting visitors to our region, but this success is leading to new and complex challenges as increased use begins to threaten the ecological health of natural resources and diminish the visitor experience.

The Adirondack Association of Towns & Villages supports the need for a comprehensive planning process across the region to preserve the resources, enhance the tourism economy, and protect the quality of life of residents and property owners.

Managing resource use in the Adirondack Park presents a complicated set of issues crossing many municipal lines, management units, and agency jurisdictions. To effectively address issues such as road-side safety, parking, public education, access, waste management, and environmental impact will require careful and collaborative planning on a system-wide basis. The planning and implementation of actions must follow a well-researched progression of intensity.

The series of management steps below reflect the work of Chad Dawson, Professor Emeritus at SUNY College of Environmental Science and Forestry in Syracuse, and have been utilized by the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation and others in the discussion of these issues:

1. Education and outreach: Expand and enhance public education initiatives to inform hikers of the principles of Leave No Trace, and to increase awareness of the abundance of quality hiking opportunities in the region with a goal of spreading use over a greater number of locations.
2. Comprehensive Planning: Engage all concerned parties in complex planning to develop comprehensive solutions.
3. Front Country Infrastructure: Establish appropriate facilities for the visitors we bring to our towns so that they have a safe, well-planned experience.
4. Backcountry Infrastructure: Ensure appropriate trails, signage, and ranger presence to protect the resource and the visitor.
5. Resources & Staffing: Provide appropriate allocations of money and staffing to implement the above steps.
6. Limits on use: Impose limits on use as a last resort, only after all the above steps have been planned and implemented.

The Adirondack Association of Towns and Villages supports a comprehensive planning effort that brings together municipalities, state agencies, private landowners and user groups with a goal of supporting the towns, providing services for visitors, and protecting the resource for future generations.



## **6 - ESTABLISHING A PLAN FOR IMPROVED EMERGENCY SERVICES THOUGHOUT THE ADIRONDACK PARK**

“9-1-1. What is your emergency?”

They can be the most comforting words you ever hear. But what if you dialed 9-1-1 and nobody answered.

It's not as far-fetched as it may sound. Many Adirondack Park communities are facing a steadily growing shortage of emergency services professionals, both volunteer and paid.

The population of the Park is aging, and the number of full-time residents is on the decline. An older population means fewer people with the strength and endurance to serve in this demanding role, and most part-time residents, regardless of age, are here for recreation and relaxation, not saving lives. At the same time, the aging population needs more emergency services — as do the growing number of seasonal residents and vacationers. It's a vicious cycle, and one with life-threatening consequences.

Just consider:

A New York State Department of Health 2013 analysis found that the average emergency services response time in New York State was 13.6 minutes. This compared to 17.77 minutes in Clinton County, 18.2 minutes in Franklin County, 21.59 minutes in Warren County, 25.55 minutes in Essex County, and 53.46 minutes in Hamilton County.

To address what is rapidly become our next public health crisis, AATV is asking our State Legislature to:

- Pass legislation, that will allow for the creation of Countywide EMS Districts that would provide for pooling of financial and manpower resources;
- Provide greater access to low-cost training for emergency services professionals, including support for community college-based training, with a goal of encouraging more young people to pursue paid careers or volunteer service.



## **7 - ENSURING THE NECESSARY FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR SUSTAINABLE PROTECTION AND IMPROVEMENT OF LAND STEWARDSHIP & ESSENTIAL COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE**

The Adirondack Park is a national treasure comprised of forever-wild Forest Preserve lands, beautiful and sustainably managed private working and recreational forests, and a wonderful collection of towns and villages whose residents, business owners and visitors give the Park its heartbeat and soul.

As New York State disburses funding from the Environmental Protection Fund and proposes new public funding of an environmental bond act, AATV calls upon the Governor and our elected representatives to ensure that these monies are dedicated to improving land stewardship (public and private), as well as to support essential community infrastructure needs (water and wastewater).

Among the priorities for investment are:

- new and diverse recreational opportunities for people of all ages and abilities, with a particular emphasis on reducing the tremendous pressures currently being put on the High Peaks and other hugely popular resources;
- expanded funding for proper maintenance and protection of state forestlands;
- improved funding for the early identification, prevention and treatment of terrestrial and aquatic invasive species, including the establishment of inspection stations on Forest Preserve lands;
- additional funding to municipalities for upgrades and protections to wastewater treatment plants, stormwater management programs, and drinking water supplies;
- need-based funding to residents and businesses for maintenance and replacement of aging and failing septic systems that threaten the health of lakes, ponds and streams.

### **AATV ASSOCIATE MEMBERS - PUBLIC RELATIONS / COMMUNICATION**

BEHAN COMMUNICATIONS - <https://www.behancommunications.com/>  
86 Glen St, Glens Falls, NY 12801  
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ADIRONDACK ASSOCIATION  
OF TOWNS AND VILLAGES



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[www.millermannix.com](http://www.millermannix.com) 518.793.6611

MILLER, MANNIX, SCHACHNER & HAFNER, LLC is a General Practice law firm located in Glens Falls. The firm is very involved in Adirondack issues, especially through representation of numerous local government municipalities in the Park, many of which have APA-approved Local Land Use Programs. Mark Schachner, Bob Hafner, Leah Everhart, Jacquelyn White and their colleagues have substantial experience assisting municipalities and others in dealing with the APA. MMSH proudly serves as Legal Counsel for AATV.



## Empire State Forest Products

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[www.esfa.org](http://www.esfa.org) 518.463.1297

ESFPA is a nonprofit organization for businesses and individuals dedicated to improving the business climate for the forest products industry while promoting management of New York's forests to meet the resource needs of today and for future generations. For more information, please call our office at (518) 463-1297 or visit our website at [www.esfa.org](http://www.esfa.org)



## Association of Towns

150 State Street  
Albany, NY 12207

[www.nytowns.org](http://www.nytowns.org) 518.465.7933

The Association of Towns of the State of New York was established in 1933 to help towns obtain greater economy and efficiency. The Association serves town governments by providing training programs, research and information services, technical assistance, legal services, computer software programs, insurance programs and a variety of publications to member towns. It represents town governments by providing advocacy in Albany, monitoring legislation and regulatory action, lobbying and presenting initiatives solely on behalf of towns.



CLA Site  
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Adirondack Landowners Association  
512 Old South 2nd St., Fulton, NY 13069  
<http://www.adklandowners.org/>

The Adirondack Landowners Association is focused on the unique responsibilities, challenges and opportunities of owning private land in a region that in both principle and practice is a park. This Association was founded in 1990 to encourage continued stewardship and sound resource management of the land; to promote public awareness of the valuable role played by private landowners in the Park; to advocate laws, regulations and governmental policies that promote and facilitate good stewardship by private landowners and recognize and preserve their rights in the land.



## FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVES

100 State Senators ~Six-year Terms

Senator **CHARLES E. SCHUMER**  
322 Hart Senate Office Building  
Washington, DC 20510  
(202) 224-6542  
[www.schumer.senate.gov](http://www.schumer.senate.gov)

Senator **KIRSTEN E. GILLIBRAND**  
478 Russell Senate Office Building  
Washington, DC 20510  
(202) 224-4451  
[www.gillibrand.senate.gov](http://www.gillibrand.senate.gov)

435 Representatives ~Two-year Terms ~ Elected in even Year elections

Representative **ELISE STEFANIK** ~ NY's 21<sup>st</sup>  
318 Cannon House Office Building - Washington, DC 20515  
(202) 225-4611  
[www.stefanik.house.gov](http://www.stefanik.house.gov)

## NY STATE ELECTED REPRESENTATIVES

**GOVERNOR: KATHY HOCHUL**  
State Capital, Albany, NY 12224  
Office: (518) 474-8390  
[www.governor.ny.gov](http://www.governor.ny.gov)

Elections are in November of even numbered years  
All Two-Year Terms

63 NYS Districts

150 NYS Districts

### NY STATE SENATORS

### NY STATE ASSEMBLY MEMBERS

**DAN STEC**  
45<sup>th</sup> Senate District  
Legislative Office Building 310  
Albany, NY 12247  
(518) 455-2811  
email:

**JOSEPH A. GRIFFO** (2006)  
47<sup>th</sup> Senate District  
172 State Street, Room 413C  
Albany, NY 12247  
(518) 455-3334  
email: [griffo@nysenate.gov](mailto:griffo@nysenate.gov)

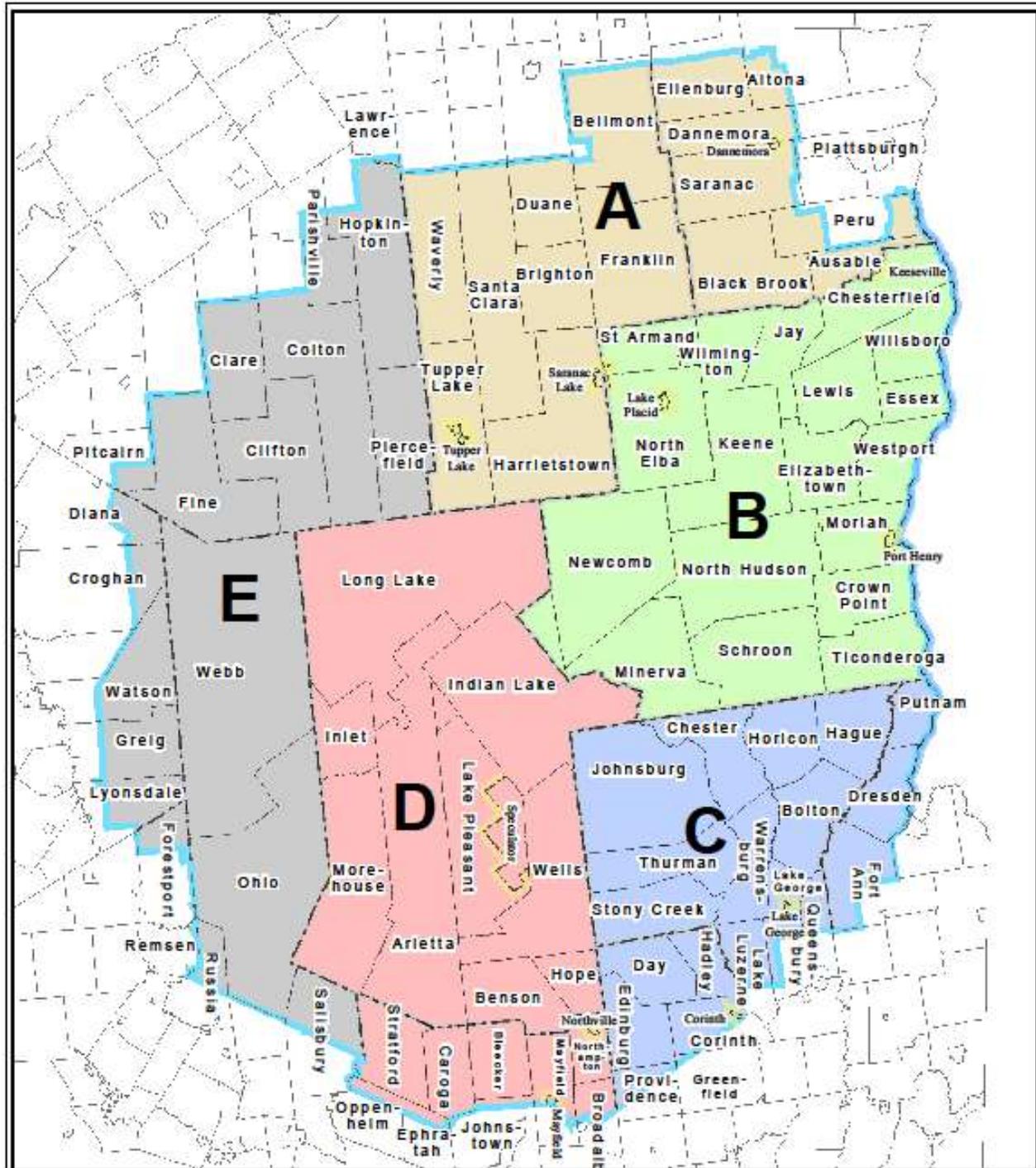
**JAMES TEDISCO** (2016)  
49<sup>th</sup> Senate District  
Legislative Office Building 515  
Albany, NY 12247  
(518) 455-2181  
email: [tedisco@nysenate.gov](mailto:tedisco@nysenate.gov)

**ROBERT SMULLEN** (2019)  
118<sup>th</sup> Assembly District  
Legislative Office Building 527  
Albany, NY 12248  
(518) 455-5393  
email: [SmullenR@nyassembly.gov](mailto:SmullenR@nyassembly.gov)

**MATT SIMPSON**  
114<sup>th</sup> Assembly District  
Legislative Office Building 439  
Albany, NY 12248  
(518) 455-5565  
email: [simpsonm@nyassembly.gov](mailto:simpsonm@nyassembly.gov)

**BILLY JONES** (2016)  
115<sup>th</sup> Assembly District  
Legislative Office Building 534  
Albany, NY 12248  
(518) 455-5943  
email: [jonesb@nyassembly.gov](mailto:jonesb@nyassembly.gov)

**KEN BLANKENBUSH** (2010)  
117<sup>th</sup> Assembly District  
Legislative Office Building 322  
Albany, NY 12248  
(518) 455-5797  
email: [blankenbushk@nyassembly.gov](mailto:blankenbushk@nyassembly.gov)



**AATV Regional Representation Map**

- State Boundary
- Park Blue Line
- County Boundary
- Town Boundary
- Village Boundary

